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## 2020 ACE Value Based Measures

### 2020 Pediatric Preventive

- 1- The percentage of children 2 years of age who had four diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis (DTaP); three polio (IPV); one measles, mumps and rubella (MMR); three haemophilus influenza type B (HiB); three hepatitis B (HepB), one chicken pox (VZV); four pneumococcal conjugate (PCV); one hepatitis A (HepA); two or three rotavirus (RV); and two influenza (flu) vaccines by their second birthday. **(HEDIS)**
- 2- Patients, 12 to 21 years of age, who had at least one comprehensive well-care visit with a PCP or OB/GYN practitioner during the past year. **(HEDIS)**
- 3- Children, 3–17 years of age, who were diagnosed with pharyngitis, dispensed an antibiotic and received a group A streptococcus (strep) test in the seven day period from three days prior through three days after the diagnosis of pharyngitis. **(HEDIS)**
- 4- The percentage of patients who turned 15 months old during the measurement period and had six or more well-child visits with a PCP during their first 15 months of life. **(HEDIS)**
- 5- Patients,  $\geq 12$  years old, screened for depression in the last year with appropriate follow-up if screening is positive. **(HEDIS)**
- 6- The percentage of women 16-24 years of age who are identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the last year. **(HEDIS)**

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### 2020 Adult Preventive

- 1- Percentage of Medicare/Medicare Advantage patients (age  $\geq 20$ ) with an annual wellness visit in the past rolling 12 months. **(PHO BENCHMARK)**
- 2- The percentage of patients 45-64 years of age with commercial insurance who had a preventative care visit during the measurement year or the two years prior to the measurement year. **(HEDIS)**
- 3- Patients,  $\geq 12$  years old, screened for depression in the last year with appropriate follow-up if screening is positive. **(HEDIS)**
- 4- Adult patients 50–75 who had appropriate screening for colorectal cancer with any of the following tests: annual fecal occult blood test, flexible sigmoidoscopy every 5 years, colonoscopy every 10 years, CT colonography every 5 years, FIT-DNA test every 3 years. **(HEDIS)**
- 5- Female patients, 50 through 74 years old, who had a mammogram in the last 27 months. **(HEDIS)**
- 6- The percentage of women 21-64 years of age who were screened for cervical cancer using either of the following criteria: **(HEDIS)**
  - a. Women 21-64 years of age who had cervical cytology performed within the last 3 years.
  - b. Women 30-64 years of age who had cervical high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing performed within the last 5 years.
  - c. Women 30-64 years of age who had cervical cytology/high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) co-testing within the last 5 years.
- 7- The percentage of members 18–74 years of age who had an outpatient visit and whose body mass index (BMI) was documented during the last two years. **(HEDIS)**
- 8- The percentage of women 16-24 years of age who are identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the measurement year. **(HEDIS)**
- 9- The percentage of women 67-85 years of age who suffered a fracture and who had either a bone mineral density test or prescription for a drug to treat osteoporosis in the six months after the fracture. **(HEDIS)**

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### 2020 At Risk - Diabetes

- 1- Percentage of adult patients 18-75 years of age with diabetes who had a retinal or dilated eye examination by an eye care professional in the past year, unless eye exam is normal, then an eye exam is needed every two years. **(HEDIS)**
- 2- Percentage of patients 18-75 years old with diabetes who had a nephropathy screening test or evidence of nephropathy during the measurement period. **(HEDIS)**
- 3- Adults 18–75 years of age with diabetes who had an HbA1c  $< 8$  **(HEDIS)**
- 4- Adults 40-75 years of age who have diabetes and who do not have clinical ASCVD, who received one statin medication of any intensity during the last year. **(HEDIS)**

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### 2020 At Risk - Cardiology

- 1- Patients with hypertension,  $\geq 18$ -85 years old, who had their blood pressure documented in the past year as  $< 140/90$  mm Hg. **(HEDIS)**
- 2- Percentage of males 21–75 years of age and females 40–75 years of age who have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and remained on a high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin for at least 80% of the treatment period. **(HEDIS)**